醫院標誌

## 健康檢查證明應檢查項目表 (乙表)

(國名、醫院名稱、地址、電話、傳真機)

Hospital's Logo

ITEMS REQUIRED FOR HEALTH CERTIFICATE (Type B)

( National Name, Hospital's Name, Address, Tel, FAX )

検查日期 \_\_\_/\_\_/ (年)(月)(日) \_\_\_/\_\_/ (M)(D)(Y) Date of Examination

基本資料(BASIC DATA)	
性 名:	照片 Photo
實驗室檢查(LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS)	
A.HIV 抗體檢查(Serological Test for HIV Antibody): □陽性(Positive) □陰性(Negative) □未確定(Indeterminate)  a.篩檢(Screening Test): □EIA □Serodia □其他(Others) □ 其他(Others) □ 其他(Others) □ 其他(Others) □ 其他(Others) □ 其他(Others) □ 其他(Others) □ 上述(Normal) □ 其常(Abnormal) □ 上述(基础上述(State)(基础上述(图片) □ 大工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工	檢查」) andard Film Only) n for parasites includes
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□陰性 Negative □陰性 Negative
□麻疹預防接種證明 Vaccination Certificates of Measles □德國麻疹預防接種證明 Vaccination Certificates of Rubella c. □經醫師評估,有接種禁忌者,暫不適宜接種。(Having contraindications, not suitable	for vaccination)
漢 生 病 檢 查 (EXAMINATION FOR HANSEN'S DISE	
漢生病視診結果(Skin Examination) □正常 Normal □異常 Abnormal (※視診異常者,須追 (※If abnormal skin lesion is found, further skin biopsy or skin smear is required) a.病理切片(Skin Biopsy): □陽性(多菌、少菌性【Positive - MB,PB】;診斷依據: 雨者之一 if either of them positive】) □陰性(Negative) b.皮膚抹片(Skin Smear): □陽性(Finding bacilli in affected skin smears) □陰性(Negative)	即為陽性【Diagnostic
※ 皮膚病灶合併感覺喪失或神經腫大(Skin lesions combined with sensory loss or enlargement	

## 備註(Note):

□有 (Yes)

□無(No)

- 一、本表供外籍人士等申請在台灣定居或居留時使用。This form is for residence application.
- 二、兒童 6 歲以下免辦理健康檢查,但須檢具預防接種證明備查(年滿 1 歲以上者,至少接種 1 劑麻疹、德國麻疹疫苗)。A child under 6 years old is not necessary to have laboratory examination, but the certificate of vaccination is necessary. Child age one and above should get at least one dose of measles and rubella vaccines.
- 三、妊娠孕婦及兒童 12 歲以下免接受「胸部 X 光檢查」。 Pregnant women and children under 12 years of age are exempted from chest X-ray examination.
- 四、兒童 15 歲以下免接受「HIV 抗體檢查」及「梅毒血清檢查」。 A child under 15 years old is not necessary to have Serological Test for HIV or Syphilis.
- 五、居住於北美洲、歐洲、紐西蘭、澳洲、日本、南韓、香港、澳門及新加坡等地區或國家之申請者,得免驗腸內寄生蟲糞便檢查。 Applicants living in Northern America, Europe, New Zealand, Australia, Japan, South Korea, Hong Kong, Macao or Singapore are not required to undergo a stool examination for parasites.

六、結論:根據以上	對 先生/	女士/小姐之檢查結果為□合格 □不合格。	
		Mr./Mrs./Ms, he/she has	
	failed the examination.	, no sie nas	
負責醫檢師簽			
(Chief Medical Technolog		(Name & Signature)	
負責醫師簽 (Chief Physician)	章 :	(Name & Signature)	
(Chief Physician)			
醫院負責人簽	章 .	(N 0. C'	
( Superintendent )	·	(Name & Signature)	
日期 ( Date ):	/	明三個月內有效(Valid for Three Months)	
附錄:健康檢查證明	不合格之認定原則		
	之認定原則		
人類免疫缺乏病  一、人意   毒抗體檢查	類免疫缺乏病毒抗體檢驗經初步測: i.續二次(經血時間愈問隔三個日)五	試,連續二次呈陽性反應者,應以西方墨點法(WB)作確認試驗。 方墨點法結果皆為未確定者,視為合格。	
	動性肺結核(包括結核性肋膜炎)視		
		下列診斷情形:纖維化(鈣化)肺結核、纖維化(鈣化)病灶及肋膜	
	厚。		
		或其他原蟲類如:痢疾阿米巴原蟲(Entamoeba histolytica)、鞭 為工人故。	
	檢查 毛原蟲類,纖毛原蟲類及孢子蟲類者為不合格。 二、 經顯微鏡檢查結果為人芽囊原蟲及阿米巴原蟲類,如:哈氏阿米巴 (Entamoeba hartmanni)、大服		
阿米巴 (Entamoeba coli)、微小阿米巴 (Endolimax nana)、嗜碘阿米巴 (Iodamoeba butschlii)、隽			
	阿米巴(Dientamoeba fragilis)等		
梅毒血清檢查 一、以	在娘字烯如為哥生蟲檢查物性者,有 7 DDD 式 VDDI 甘中一纸加上TDL	<b>現為合格;請於分娩後,進行治療。</b> [A(TDDA) > 於黔,知於黔仕里去下列牌形在一老,為「て瓜故」	
梅毒血清檢查 一、以 RPR 或 VDRL 其中一種加上 TPHA(TPPA)之檢驗,如檢驗結果有下列情形任一者,為「不合格」 (一)活性梅毒:同時符合條件(一)及(二)、或僅符合條件(三)者。			
(-)	) 非活性梅毒:僅符合條件(二) *		
一二、何		古 / . rt. //t. rt	
	) 臨床症狀出現硬下疳或全身性梅毒) 未单块受换表治療或症中不清禁力	毎紅沙寺臨床症狀。 ゲ、RPR(+)或 VDRL(+), 且 TPHA (TPPA)=1:320 以上(含 320)。	
	) 曾經接受梅毒治療者, VDRL 價數		
	梅毒血清檢查不合格者,檢具治療	· 證明· 視為合格。	
		德國麻疹預防接種證明者為不合格。但經醫師評估有麻疹、德	
	·疫苗接種禁忌者,視為合格。		
Appendix: Principles	s in determining the health s	tatus failed	
Test Item Princip	oles on the determination of failed item	ns	
		l test for HIV antibody is positive for two consecutive times,	
for HIV con	firmation testing by WB is required.		

Test Item	Principles on the determination of failed items
Serological Test	1. If the preliminary testing of the serological test for HIV antibody is positive for two consecutive times,
for HIV	confirmation testing by WB is required.
Antibody	2. When findings of two consecutive WB testing (blood specimens collected at an interval of three months) are
	indeterminate, this item is considered qualified.
Chest X-ray	1. Active pulmonary tuberculosis (including tuberculous pleurisy) is unqualified.
	2. Non-active pulmonary tuberculosis including calcified pulmonary tuberculosis, calcified foci and
	enlargement of pleura, is considered qualified.
Stool	1. By microscope examination, cases are determined unqualified if intestinal helminthes eggs or other protozoa
Examination for	
Parasites	2. Blastocystis hominis and Amoeba protozoa such as Entamoeba hartmanni, Entaboeba coli, Endolimax nana,
	Iodamoeba butschlii, Dientamoeba fragilis found through microscope examination are considered qualified
	and no treatment is required.
	3. Pregnant women who have positive result for parasites examination are considered qualified and
	please have medical treatment after delivery.
Serological Test	1. After testing by either RPR or VDRL together with TPHA(TPPA), if cases meet one of the following
for Syphilis	situations are considered failing the examination.
	(1) Active syphilis: must fit the criterion $(1) + (2)$ or only the criterion $(3)$ .
	(2)Inactive syphilis: only fit the criterion (2).
	2. Criterion:
	(1)Clinical symptoms with genital ulcers (chancres) or syphilis rash all over the body.
	(2)No past diagnosis of syphilis, a reactive nontreponemal test (i.e., VDRL or RPR), and TPHA(TPPA)=
	1:320\(\tau\)(including 1:320)
	(3)A past history of syphilis therapy and a current nontreponemal test titer demonstrating fourfold or greater
	increase from the last nontreponemal test titer.
	3. Those that have failed the serological test for syphilis but have submitted a medical treatment
M 1 D 1 "	certificate are considered passing the examination.
Measles, Rubella	The item is considered unqualified if measles or rubella antibody is negative and no measles, rubella
	vaccination certificate is provided. Those who having contraindications, not suitable for vaccinations are
	considered qualified.